

PART A**QUESTION 1**

On 11 January 2016, Iqbal deposited RM5,000 in an account that offered $r\%$ simple interest per annum. If the interest earned on 16 April 2016 was RM45.38, find the value of r by using exact time and exact simple interest.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 2

Bellina borrowed RM7,500 from Bank Z for 2 years to pay off some bills and catch up on car payments. If the proceeds received were RM6,375, find the discount rate that was charged.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 3

RM23,500 was invested in a bank for 3 years 7 months. If the interest rate offered was 9.6% compounded every two months, find the accumulated amount at the end of the investment period.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 4

Joshua deposited RM200 every month into XYZ account for 5 years at 12% interest compounded monthly. Calculate the total amount at the end of 5 years.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 5

Elena purchased a bedroom set at RM3,700 cash by installment. She was charged an interest of 15% based on reducing balance. She has to pay a down payment of RM500 and equal weekly payments for 1.5 years. Find the amount of interest charged by using the Constant Ratio Formula.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 6

A washing machine is listed at RM2,069 with a discount of 25%. What additional discount must be offered to the customer to bring the net price to RM1,429.90?

(5 marks)

QUESTION 7

The markdown percent of a TV set is 15%. If the new retail price is RM1,700, find the old retail price.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 8

NS Company bought an excavator for RM72,000. The useful life of the excavator is 8 years. If the book value of the excavator at the end of 4 years is RM42,000, find its scrap value at the end of 8 years using the straight line method.

(5 marks)

PART B**QUESTION 1**

- a) An owner of a stationary shop received an invoice for the purchase of 100 pens at RM2 each and 150 rulers at RM1 each. The invoice was dated 8 July 2017. He was offered trade discounts of 12% and 9%, and cash discount terms of 15/10, 5/20 and n/30. The dealer paid the invoice on 20 July 2017. Find:
- i) the single discount equivalent to the given trade discounts. (3 marks)
 - ii) the amount of payment made on 20 July 2017. (5 marks)
- b) Rose Company bought an air conditioner for RM3,000. The company wanted to sell the air conditioner by making a gross profit of 45% based on selling price. If the operating expenses were 14% of the cost, find:
- i) the selling price of the air conditioner. (6 marks)
 - ii) the maximum percent of markdown that can be offered without incurring any loss. (6 marks)

QUESTION 2

- a) Mellisa received a 160-days promissory note and the note was discounted at a rate of 6%. The proceeds received were RM25,000. Compute the maturity value of the note by using the Banker's Rule. (6 marks)
- b) RM10,000 was invested by Sarah for 7 years. The interest rate offered was 6% compounded monthly. After 3 years, Sarah invested another RM5,000. Find the accumulated amount of her investment after 7 years. (8 marks)
- c) Rajoo bought a lorry at RM250,000. It is estimated to last for 10 years and with the scrap value of RM165,000. Find the book value of the lorry after 5 years by using the declining balance method. (6 marks)

QUESTION 3

- a) Suraya bought a machine with a cash price of RM8,000. She paid a 10% down payment and the balance was settled by making 36 monthly installments. If the interest rate charged was 6% per annum based on the original balance, find:
- i) the installment price of the machine. (5 marks)
 - ii) the monthly payment. (3 marks)
- b) Johan bought a house for RM200,000. He paid a down payment of 20% and took a loan that charged 6.5% interest compounded monthly to finance the balance. The loan is to be repaid over 20 years by monthly installments.
- i) Calculate the monthly payment. (6 marks)
 - ii) If Johan missed the first 5 monthly payments, how much should he pay on the 6th installment to keep his payments up-to-date? (6 marks)

END OF QUESTION PAPER

LIST OF FORMULA

1. $S = P(1 + rt)$	2. Proceeds = $S(1 - dt)$
3. $r = \frac{d}{1 - dt}$	4. $d = \frac{r}{1 + rt}$
5. $S = P(1 + i)^n$	6. $S = R \left(\frac{(1 + i)^n - 1}{i} \right)$
7. $A = R \left(\frac{1 - (1 + i)^{-n}}{i} \right)$	8. $SP = C + M$
9. $GP = OE + NP$	10. $NP = LP(1 - d_1)(1 - d_2) \dots (1 - d_n)$
11. $r = \frac{2ml}{B(n + 1)}$	12. $r = 1 - \sqrt[n]{\frac{S}{C}}$
13. $BV_n = C(1 - r)^n$	14. $OPB = (R \times k) - I \left(\frac{k(k + 1)}{n(n + 1)} \right)$